

DIFFERENCES OF FAMILY AND STATE EDUCATION IN EDUCATION OF YOUTH IN THE SPIRIT OF PATRIOTISM

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Annotation: Educating young people in the spirit of patriotism is a multi – stage, systematic, purposeful and coordinated activity of state bodies, public associations and organizations aimed at forming a sense of loyalty to the motherland in young people, regardless of nationality, language and profession, educating them as individuals capable of fulfilling their civil duties and constitutional obligations, protecting the interests of society and In this regard, of course, we can say that the role of the family and society is separate. In particular, the main goal of educating young people in the spirit of patriotism is to show activity in various sectors of society, especially in the types of civil service associated with the military sphere, to be faithful to the Constitution and military duty in a peaceful and military environment, to form in them such important features as high responsibility and responsibility for the In this article, the mutual differences between family and public education in the upbringing of young people in the spirit of patriotism and the principles of ensuring their cohesion are discussed.

Keywords: Youth, Family, Society, nationality, development, principles of patriotism, importance of upbringing, harmonious personality.

The system of upbringing of young people in the military-patriotic spirit is a continuous process, consisting of a complex of political, legal, socio-economic, ideological, cultural and educational activities connected with each other. Upbringing of young people in the spirit of patriotism is carried out on the basis of the Constitution and laws of the Republic of Uzbekistan, decrees and decisions of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan, general military regulations of the Armed Forces, normative-legal acts of the Ministry of Defense, Departments of the Armed Forces system. The system of upbringing of young people in the military-

patriotic spirit includes the following structures. Both the family and the society are considered encouraging and responsible for the future of children.

In particular, starting from the kindergarten, which is the most important and main link of the educational and educational process, the formation and development of socio-spiritual values, the spirit of love and loyalty to the is aimed at preschool education, general secondary schools, secondary special, vocational education and higher education institutions, as well as state and non-governmental organizations, local authorities and, all law enforcement bodies, councils of Veterans, structures of the Youth Union of Uzbekistan and other organizations should serve to educate the youth in the patriotism.

In the upbringing of young people in the military-patriotic spirit, the following are defined as the main tasks:

- * to educate young people in the spirit of national idea and loyalty to the Republic of Uzbekistan, its people and the president, to deeply immerse them in their hearts and minds that the protection of hometown is an honorable and sacred duty;

- * to be proud of our ancient history and culture, independence and prosperity of our country, national heroes who fought selflessly, to form a sense of being worthy of them, to gain confidence in the power and potential of our national army;

- * strengthening theoretical and practical skills of our national army on the need for energetic and spiritually mature youth, understanding that military service is a sacred duty for every citizen of Uzbekistan;

- * formation of ideological immunity against various internal and external threats, skills of approach to political and social processes taking place in the youth side-by-side and in the world based on our national interests;

- * training young people with the skills of adapting to combat actions, making quick and independent decisions in any complex situations, effective use of modern military equipment;

* To be ready to protect the interests of Uzbekistan not only in the military sphere, but also in all spheres of life, at every step, to be self – sacrificing for the country-to break into the minds of young people with vital examples and impressive means that this day is a dream.

The upbringing of young people in the military-patriotic spirit is carried out regularly on a systematic and scientific basis, and all subjects of society are responsible for its effectiveness. It has an obligation to educate young people in the spirit of patriotism at the expense of these state organizations. In particular, its main branches are as follows:

- state and local authorities;
- non-profit organizations and civil society institutions;
- read more;
- pre-Secondary Education, General secondary education, secondary special school, vocational and higher education institutions of higher education;
- cultural and sports institutions (Theater, Museum, Historical Monuments, cinema, library, etc.);
- mass media abuse;
- culture, literature, art, national drama;
- cultural and recreational parks;
- make a paste of honey and cinnamon powder, apply on bread, instead of jelly and jam;
- military repression of governing bodies and others.

The main principles of educating young people in the military-patriotic spirit are expressed in the scientific basis of this process, its regularity, mutual harmony of education and practice, inextricably linked historicity and modernity, and will consist of:

1. scholarly work;
2. historical nature;
3. accuracy and speed;
4. regularity;

5. active nature;
6. harmony of educational and educational work;
7. consistency of the educational process;
8. the principles of relying on positive results and achievements in military-patriotic education are formed mainly through state organizations.

Methods of educating young people in the spirit of patriotism – are aimed at the formation of the necessary vital knowledge, skills, skills and strong will in young people, including high moral-Moral, Combat spirit and civil qualities, representing the methods and methods that influence their consciousness, spirituality and activity. The following are considered one of the main ways of educating young people in the military-patriotic spirit:

- ❖ bullying persuasion;
- ❖ how to train and work independently;
- ❖ observation of the interest;
- ❖ exercise motivation;
- ❖ example, personal example and others.

The state is the main institution that provides for the organization of a system of upbringing of young people in the military-patriotic spirit, monitoring its results. The state organizes the educational process of the younger generation in the family, pre-school education, secondary schools, higher and secondary special educational institutions, during military service, as well as on the scale of self-government bodies, various state and public organizations. Education of young people in the military-patriotic spirit is carried out mainly in four stages:

The first stage (3-7 years of age) is considered the stage when the first reflections on the surrounding earth, hometown appear, which includes the formation of love for the native land on the basis of teaching children different poems, melodies and songs in family and preschool institutions, showing cartoons and electronic games, understanding the world by drawing pictures, acquaintance with state symbols. At this stage, special attention is required to the following:

- ✓ to tell a fairy tale and stories with the aim of forming a military imagination in the direction of patriotism;
- ✓ love for the motherland, protection of the Fatherland, protection of the Fatherland, memorizing poems and songs on topics related to the sacred duty;
- ✓ the imagination of the competitions is aimed at drawing pictures, and to strengthen the physical ability of the child to organize various competitions and competitions, thereby encouraging them spiritually;
- ✓ demonstration of patriotism-military cartoons and electronic games on the topic of patriotism;
- ✓ Organization of extractions to military museums and parks of culture and Recreation associated with the theme of military-patriotism.

At the second stage (children aged 7-16 years), such noble deeds as strengthening the love and loyalty of the pupils to the motherland, fulfilling the duty of childhood before the native land with high responsibility, strengthening the positive thoughts in them to our Armed Forces, raising the prestige of military service, forming young people as a healthy, spiritually mature, broad-minded, independent-minded At this stage:

- articles about heroes of our time, reading fiction literature;
- Organization of general cultural and educational events, thematic evenings and song competitions in the direction of military-patriotic interests in secondary schools, demonstration of performances;
- Organization of an essay contest on the topics "I protect my motherland as a pupil of the eye", "the fate of the country – my destiny " with the participation of young people;
- to show military and documentary films, cartoons on the theme of patriotism, and to conduct their discussion;
- the introduction of information about the life and activities of our great commanders to the textbooks and educational-methodical hands, giving a story based on vivid examples of their courage, dedication and heroism.

The third stage (adolescents 16-18 years) is aimed at ensuring the spiritual and spiritual readiness to serve worthy of the motherland and its protection in youth. At this stage, in addition to the above tasks, the following issues will be considered:

- preparation of young people for military service, formation of their independent opinion and positive attitudes towards military service, feelings of patriotism to go;
- in order to enrich the theoretical and practical knowledge and skills of young people studying defense works departments and military units, self-government bodies, state and public organizations in cooperation with the organization of various inseparable and interesting activities;
- to give detailed information about the necessity of strong and spiritually mature youth for our national army, the importance of military service, reforms carried out in the Armed Forces.

The fourth stage (18-30 years of age) presupposes the physical and spiritual abilities of young people, leadership skills potential, improvement of general and professional skills, regular work on them, motivation to lead a healthy life and so on. At this stage, it is required to pay attention to the following aspects::

- further enrichment of the imagination and knowledge on the importance of educating the generation as a mature, spiritual and high-potential, faithful to the parents and the motherland;
- To be always ready for the protection of the motherland and to be proud of the youth serving in the ranks of the Armed Forces, to form a sense of loyalty to the constitutional duty and military oath;
- to adapt to military service conditions and to master military specialties, to be prepared for any difficulties, to strengthen the qualities of fortitude and courage, to develop skills in the preservation of weapons, military equipment, state and military property;
- formation of such qualities as combat readiness and regular increase of military skills, mutual assistance in the decision-making in the military community, and appreciation of friendly relations;

- the role and importance of books in the decision-making of society, the role and importance of artistic works in the consciousness of young people;
- in order for young people to master their chosen profession and become a mature specialist, it will be necessary to closely support them.

In conclusion, educating young people in the spirit of patriotism is organized in various forms, including scientific, practical conferences, question-and-answer nights, reading, electronic games, meetings with famous people and in other forms, and they ensure the diversity of spiritual and educational work, ultimately, serve to form a healthy social and spiritual environment in society. The state is the main institution that provides for the organization of a system of upbringing of young people in the military-patriotic spirit, monitoring its results. The state organizes the educational process of the younger generation in the family, pre-school education, secondary schools, higher and secondary special educational institutions, during military service, as well as on the scale of self-government bodies, various state and public organizations. And the family is a branch of the state, in general, society, in principle, the family is formed according to the activities of both society and the state. That is, the family is also one of the pillars of the state that serves to educate young people in the spirit of patriotism. Therefore, I consider it possible to achieve the goal of educating young people in the spirit of patriotism by further strengthening the ties between the family and the state, working in harmony and coherence.

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